

Ministerie van Economische Zaken

Entrepreneurship as the engine of economic growth

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We need to foster entrepreneurship to cope with new developments

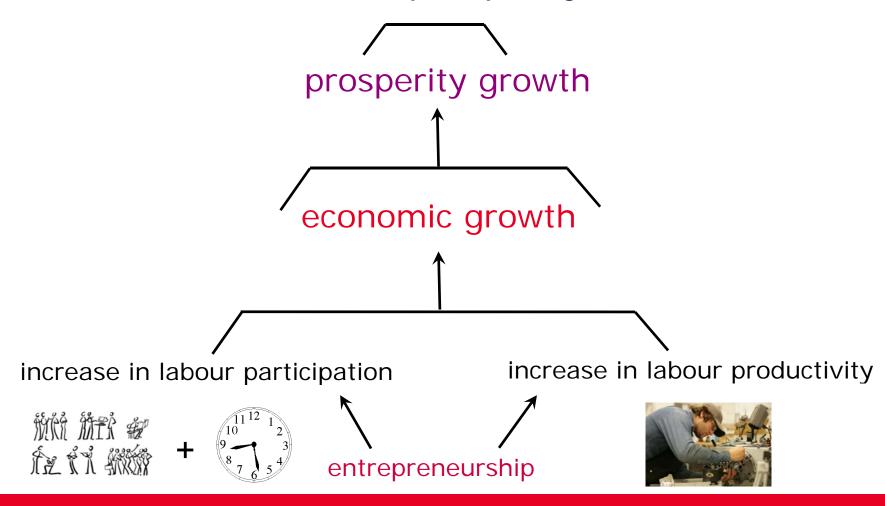




aging population and scarcity of resources

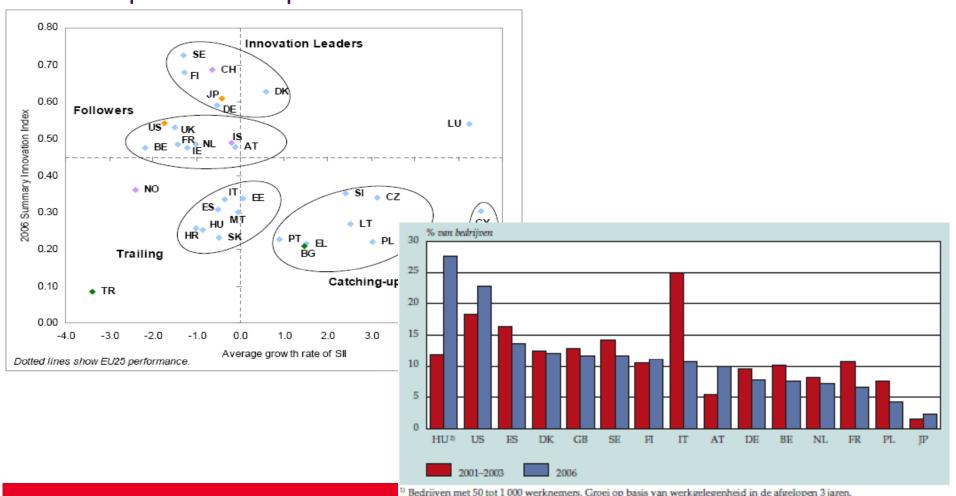


so we can increase our prosperity ...





The Netherlands has mediocre scores on innovation and entrepreneurship

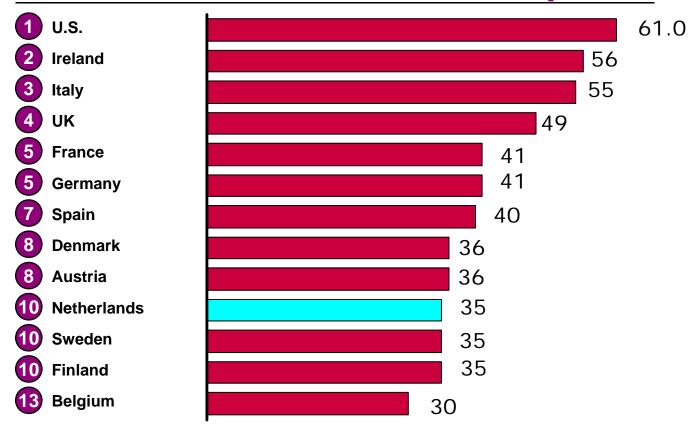


Bedrijven met 50 tot 1 000 werknemers. Groei op basis van werkgelegenheid in de afgelopen 3 jaren.

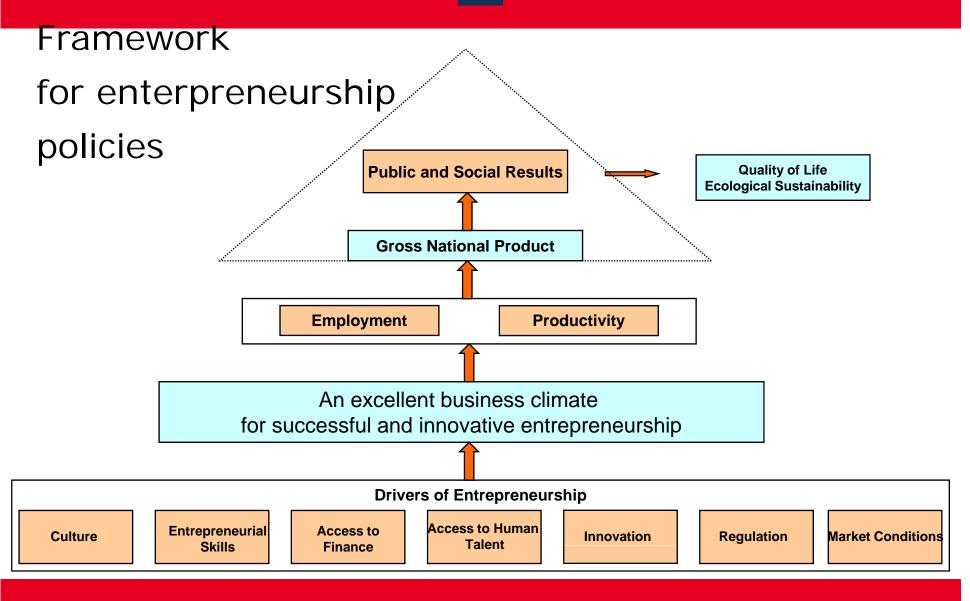
⁷⁾ HU: 2001-2002 i.p.v. 2001-2003.



Positive attitude towards entrepreneurship









Drivers of Entrepreneurship: some examples

Market conditions: Public procurement favourable for SME's

Regulation: Administrative burden. Easy of starting up and closing down.

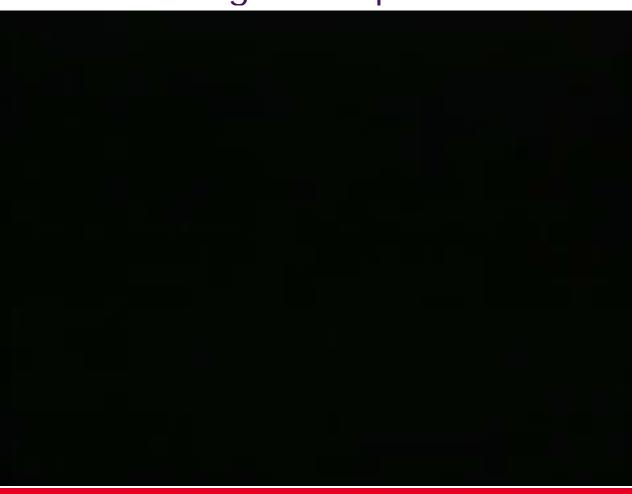
Innovation: Public/Private innovation programmes

Acces to Human Capital: Ease of hire. Smooth transitional barriers.

Acces to Finance: Guarantee schemes from microfinance uptil early stage risk capital



Can education change entrepreneurial culture?





Entrepreneurship and education

Since 2005 high on the political agenda, cause.....

Low score on attitude towards entrepreneurship

Netherlands scored low internationally on integration of entrepreneurship especially within higher education (OECD)

Entrepreneurship is of vital importance for productivity growth and innovation

Entrepreneurship education is a bridge between knowledge and creation of value (solving the Dutch paradox)





Phase 1: building coalitions and supporting private initiatives



Jong Ondernemen, Youth Enterprise Netherlands Founded in 1990 with financial support of Ministry of Economic Affairs



New Venture, Nation wide business plan competition. Started in 1998 by McKinsey with support of Ministry of Economic Affairs. 125K price money



Partnership Leren Ondernemen, started in 2005 aimed at raising awareness, exchanging best practices and getting a common strategy (app 25 organisations)





Phase 2: Put your money where your mouth is

2006: Investment of €17 million to create an infrastructure for EE by:

Setting up Centers of Entrepreneurship (€12 million)

Financing projects from primary to higher vocational training (€5 million)

Seducing, not enforcing!





Phase 3: The next level! 2008-2012

- EE a more integral part of enterpreneurship policy (strengthening the entrepreneurial pipeline)
- Dissemination, regional implementation and networking
- Train the trainer programmes
- International collaboration and exchange
- Inspiration (Global Entrepreneurship Week, NOQ, National Entrepreneurship Certificate)
- New Valorisation Programme (€80 million)



May I have the results please?

75000 students have taken part directly in projects financed through our action programme. And 4400 teachers and over 500 schools.

In vocational education and universities over 80% have specific activities aimed at entrepreneurship

Over 60% of all students in vocational education and universities say they are stimulated in being more entrepreneurial (Portugal 17%)

The percentage of young people who see entrepreneurship as a serious career option more than doubled (>60%) since 2007



Recommendations

Close collaboration between Ministries of Economic Affairs and Education is needed

Partnering with all relevant stakeholders (leadership behind the scenes, but sharing success on stage together)

Come with a national action based strategy for all education levels

Model of seducing, not enforcing (money is a carrot, but not an end!)

Smart combinations (skills, knowledge, attitude) make education more attractive

Learn from international best practices and improve them

Show successes to inspire, but changing culture is a matter of a long breath



Obrigado e Boa Sorte!

